

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/661,553	09/15/2003	Yoichi Sato	03500.017560 9044		
5514 FITZPATRICI	7590 08/22/2007 K CELLA HARPER & SCI	EXAMINER			
30 ROCKEFE	LLER PLAZA	MCCOMMAS, BRENDAN N			
NEW YORK, NY 10112		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2609		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
•				<u> </u>	
		08/22/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary							
		10/661,553		SATO, YOICHI			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		<u> </u>	McCommas	2609			
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS 36(a). In no event will apply and will e , cause the applica	S COMMUNICATION t, however, may a reply be time expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the ation to become ABANLIONED	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	·	• •					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09/15	<u>5/2003</u> .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	∑ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•					
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r eléction rec	quirement.				
Application Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	·r					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)⊠ acce		objected to by the F	- Examiner			
10/23	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 10/661553.						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)						
	1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application							
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/661,553 Page 2

Art Unit: 2609

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. (United States Patent 7,221,400) hereinafter referenced as Takahashi in view of Orava et al. (United States Patent 5,812,191) hereinafter referenced as Orava.
- 3. Regarding claim 1, Takahashi discloses a sensor device for automatic exposure and automatic focus. In addition, Takahashi discloses, in column 4, lines 43-51, that the analog and digital circuit blocks 105 and 106 in figure 2 control the power to the AE sensor photo diodes, which reads on the claimed power supply unit. In addition Takahashi discloses in columns 6, lines 39-64 and 10, lines 19-30, that the power supply circuits 105 and 106 control the AF (Auto-Focus) sensor circuits, which read on the claimed pixel area, independently of the AE (Auto-Exposure) sensor circuits based on signals sent to the digital circuit block 106.
- 4. Further, Takahashi discloses a control circuit, in column 7, lines 15-37, which independently controls the power supply to the Auto-Exposure circuits and the Auto-Focus circuits at a specified time, on the same semi-conductor substrate, which reads on claimed control circuit which supplies power to the different portions in a predetermined period after starting photo charge accumulation.

Application/Control Number: 10/661,553

Page 3

Art Unit: 2609

5. However Takahashi fails to disclose that the image pickup apparatus has a common output portion, controlled by the power supply unit.

- 6. However the examiner maintains that it was well known in the art for an imaging pickup apparatus to have a common output portion, controlled by a power supply unit as taught by Orava.
- 7. Orava discloses a semiconductor imaging device. Regarding the common output portion, Orava discloses, in column 2 lines 27-35, that the semiconductor imaging device has an array of pixel cells including a semiconductor detector substrate and a semiconductor read out substrate, which are both integral to the semiconductor substrate, wherein:
- 8. The semiconductor readout substrate includes an array of individually addressable pixel circuits, each of which is connected to a corresponding pixel detector cell to form a pixel cell, which reads on claimed, "common output portion for sequentially amplifying and outputting signals from the plurality of pixels included in said pixel area."
- 9. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the power control unit as disclosed in Takahashi by specifically providing a common output portion, and independently controlling the semiconductor read-out substrate with the power supply control unit in order to reduce current consumption as taught by Orava.
- 10. Regarding claim 2, Orava and Takahashi, the combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1), in addition, Takahashi discloses in column 6, lines 39-51, the power supply control circuitry as shown in figures 1A and 1B, wherein

Application/Control Number: 10/661,553 Page 4

Art Unit: 2609

the said power control circuitry variably controls the timing of the AF sensors, either being in the operating or non-operating state, as disclosed in column 10, lines 19-30, which reads on claimed "control circuitry which variably controls the period during which no power is supplied to said common output portion."

- 11. Regarding claim 3, Orava and Takahashi, the combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1), in addition, Takahashi discloses in figures 1A and 1B that the power control circuitry (105a, 105b, and 105c) is on the semiconductor substrate (100) which reads on claimed, "power supply unit is formed on said single semiconductor substrate."
- 12. Regarding claim 4, Takahashi discloses a sensor device for automatic exposure and automatic focus. In addition, Takahashi discloses, in column 4, lines 43-51, that the analog and digital circuit blocks 105 and 106 in figure 2 control the power to the AE sensor photo diodes, by using a control signal at either an intermediate level, or a VDD. level, as disclosed in column 10, lines 19-30, which reads on the claimed power supply unit outputting first and second voltage levels.
- 13. Further, Takahashi discloses a control circuit, in column 7, lines 15-37, which independently supplies power at different levels to the Auto-Exposure circuits and the Auto-Focus circuits at a specified time on the same semi-conductor substrate, which reads on claimed control circuit which supplies power to the different portions in a predetermined period after starting photo charge accumulation.
- 14. However Takahashi fails to disclose that the power supply unit supplies two different voltage levels to the common output portion,

Art Unit: 2609

15. However the examiner maintains that it was well known in the art for an imaging pickup apparatus to have a power supply unit, supplying different power levels to the common output portion, as taught by Orava.

- 16. Orava discloses a semiconductor imaging device. Regarding the common output portion, Orava discloses, in column 2 lines 27-35, that the semiconductor imaging device has an array of pixel cells including a semiconductor detector substrate and a semiconductor read out substrate, which are both integral to the semiconductor substrate, wherein:
- 17. The semiconductor readout substrate includes an array of individually addressable pixel circuits, each of which is connected to a corresponding pixel detector cell to form a pixel cell, which reads on claimed, "common output portion for sequentially amplifying and outputting signals from the plurality of pixels included in said pixel area."
- 18. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the power control unit as disclosed in Takahashi by specifically providing a common output portion, and independently controlling the semiconductor read-out substrate with the power supply control unit in order to reduce current consumption as taught by Orava.
- 19. Regarding claim 5, Orava and Takahashi, the combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 4), in addition, Takahashi discloses in column 6, lines 39-51, the power supply control circuitry as shown in figures 1A and 1B, wherein the said power control circuitry variably controls the timing of the AGC, by using a control signal at either an intermediate level, or a VDD level, as disclosed in column 10,

Application/Control Number: 10/661,553

Art Unit: 2609

lines 19-30, which reads on claimed "control circuitry which variably controls the period during which the second power level is supplied to said common output portion."

20. Regarding claim 6, Orava and Takahashi, the combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 4), in addition, Takahashi discloses in figures 1A and 1B that the power control circuitry (105a, 105b, and 105c) is on the semiconductor substrate (100), which reads on, claimed, "power supply unit is formed on said single semiconductor substrate."

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brendan N. McCommas whose telephone number is 571-270-3575. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (alternate F off) 7:30 am -5 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jefferey Harold can be reached on 571-272-7519. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/661,553

Art Unit: 2609

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic. Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Brendan N McCommas Examiner Art Unit 2609

BM August 16, 2007

Brown N. M. M. Cours

JEFFEREY F. HAROLD SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Tiffing Thank